

Cambridge IGCSE[™](9–1)

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0973/11

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

May/June 2023

45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

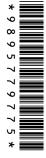
INSTRUCTIONS

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.

- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.



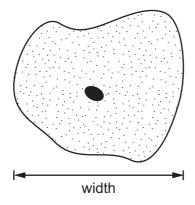
This document has 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

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[Turn over

- 1 What is meant by respiration?
 - A protein synthesis
 - **B** sweating to lose heat
 - **C** the function of lungs
 - **D** the release of energy
- 2 The diagram shows a cell with a magnification of $\times 1000$.

The width of the image is 45 mm.



What is the actual width of the cell?

- **A** 45 mm
- **B** 4.5 mm
- **C** 0.45 mm
- **D** 0.045 mm

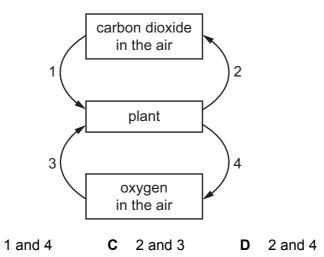
3 Linoleic acid is a fatty acid.

Which larger molecule may contain linoleic acid?

- A glycogen
- **B** oil
- **C** protein
- **D** starch
- 4 Which type of molecule are enzymes?
 - A amino acids
 - **B** carbohydrates
 - C fats
 - **D** proteins

5 Which two arrows represent photosynthesis?

1 and 3



6 A person has a low red blood cell count and is constipated.

В

Which row shows the components that may be in short supply in this person's diet?

	low red blood cell count	constipated
Α	calcium	water
В	calcium	fats
С	iron	fibre
D	iron	protein

7 What is the sequence of blood vessels that a red blood cell passes through as it travels from the vena cava to the kidney?

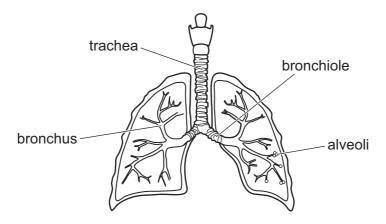
A pulmonary artery \rightarrow pulmonary vein \rightarrow aorta \rightarrow renal artery

B pulmonary artery \rightarrow pulmonary vein \rightarrow aorta \rightarrow renal vein

C pulmonary vein \rightarrow pulmonary artery \rightarrow aorta \rightarrow renal artery

 $\textbf{D} \quad \text{pulmonary vein} \rightarrow \text{pulmonary artery} \rightarrow \text{aorta} \rightarrow \text{renal vein}$

8 In the diagram of the human breathing system, which structures are correctly labelled?



- A alveoli and bronchiole
- B alveoli and trachea
- **C** bronchus and bronchiole
- D bronchus and trachea

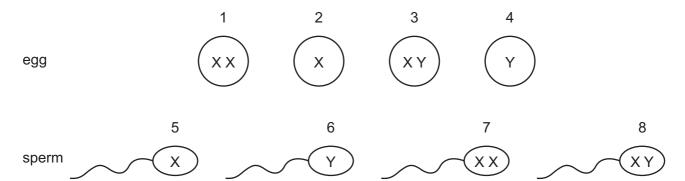
9 What are the effects of adrenaline?

	breathing rate	pulse rate	pupil size
Α	decrease	decrease	widens
В	decrease	decrease increase	
С	increase	decrease	narrows
D	increase	increase	widens

10 In a plant, what leads to offspring that are genetically identical to the parent?

- A asexual reproduction
- **B** insect pollination
- C seed germination
- **D** sexual reproduction

11 The diagram shows eggs and sperm containing sex chromosomes.

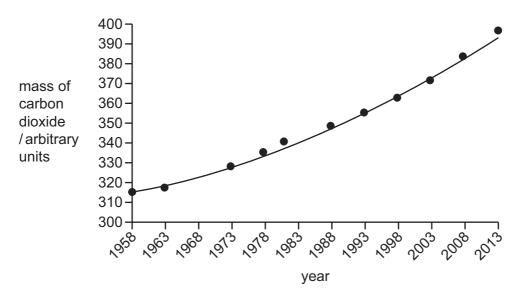


Which row gives the correct combination of sex chromosomes for a male and female offspring?

	male offspring	female offspring
Α	1 and 8	3 and 7
В	2 and 6	2 and 5
С	3 and 8	1 and 7
D	4 and 6	2 and 5

- 12 How do herbivores get their energy?
 - A by eating animals and plants
 - **B** by eating animals only
 - **C** by eating plants only
 - **D** directly from sunlight

13 The graph shows the change in atmospheric carbon dioxide levels over time.



A reduction of which process could cause the change in carbon dioxide shown?

- A combustion
- **B** decomposition
- C photosynthesis
- **D** respiration

14 An aqueous salt solution contains an insoluble impurity.

Which processes are used to obtain pure salt crystals?

- A distillation then crystallisation
- **B** distillation then chromatography
- C filtration then crystallisation
- D filtration then chromatography

15 The element phosphorus burns in air, as shown.

$$4P + 5O_2 \rightarrow P_4O_{10}$$

What does the formula P₄O₁₀ show?

- A a mixture of atoms of two elements
- **B** a mixture of molecules of two elements
- C a molecule of a compound
- D an atom of a compound

16 Which row describes an atom that has the nucleon number 24?

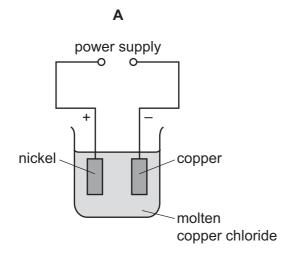
	number of protons	number of neutrons	number of electrons				
Α	8	8	8				
В	12	12	12				
С	21	24	21				
D	24	28	24				

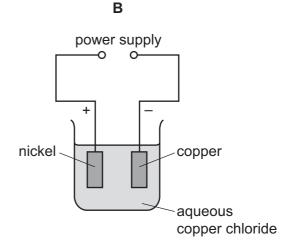
17 Lithium is in Group I and bromine is in Group VII of the Periodic Table.

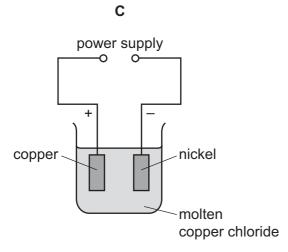
What is the formula of lithium bromide?

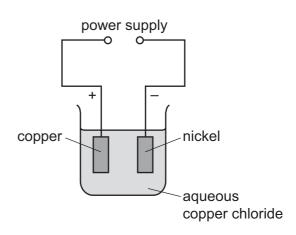
- **A** LiBr
- **B** LiBr₂
- C Li₂Br
- \mathbf{D} Li₂Br₂

18 Which diagram shows equipment used to electroplate nickel with copper?









D

- 19 Which statement about exothermic and endothermic reactions is correct?
 - **A** An endothermic reaction involves heat energy being taken in by the reactants.
 - **B** An exothermic reaction involves heat energy being taken in by the products.
 - **C** In an endothermic reaction, the temperature of the reaction mixture increases.
 - **D** In an exothermic reaction, the temperature of the reaction mixture decreases.
- 20 Which statement shows that methane, CH₄, is oxidised when it burns?
 - **A** The products of the reaction are gaseous.
 - **B** The products of the reaction are water and carbon dioxide.
 - **C** The reaction is exothermic.
 - **D** The total number of oxygen atoms has increased during the reaction.
- 21 Magnesium chloride is prepared by reacting an excess of insoluble magnesium oxide with dilute hydrochloric acid.

Which processes are used to obtain pure crystals of magnesium chloride from the reaction mixture?

- 1 distillation
- 2 evaporation
- 3 filtration
- A 1 followed by 2
- **B** 3 followed by 2
- C 3 followed by 1
- **D** 1 followed by 3, followed by 2
- 22 The properties of some substances are listed.
 - 1 form acidic oxides
 - 2 have high melting points
 - 3 act as catalysts
 - 4 form coloured compounds

What are the properties of transition metals?

A 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1, 2 and 4 **C** 1, 3 and 4 **D** 2, 3 and 4

23	Which	statement	describes a	a chemical	test for water?)
	V V I II C I I	JULIONIC	ucoulbco (toot for water :	

- A Add blue cobalt(II) chloride.
- **B** Add blue copper(II) sulfate.
- **C** Measure the boiling point.
- **D** Use universal indicator.

24 Which statement about sulfur is correct?

- **A** It is a metallic element.
- **B** It is used to make sulfuric acid.
- **C** It is in Group VII of the Periodic Table.
- **D** An atom of sulfur contains 32 electrons.

25 Which statements about limestone are correct?

- 1 Its main constituent is calcium oxide.
- 2 It can be used to manufacture lime.
- 3 It thermally decomposes to release carbon dioxide.
- 4 It is used to neutralise alkaline soils.
- **A** 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 3 and 4
- **26** Petroleum is separated into fractions by fractional distillation.

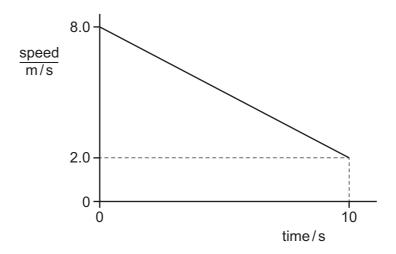
Information about uses of some fractions and positions in the fractionating column where they are collected is shown.

	fraction	use	position
1	gasoline	making roads	below refinery gas
2	bitumen	petrol for car engines	bottom of column
3	naphtha	making chemicals	below gasoline
4	refinery gas	heating and cooking	top of column

Which rows are correct?

A 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 3 and 4

- 27 Which process forms ethanol?
 - A combustion
 - **B** cracking
 - **C** distillation
 - **D** fermentation
- 28 The graph shows how the speed of an object varies with time.



What is the distance moved by the object between time 0s and time 10s?

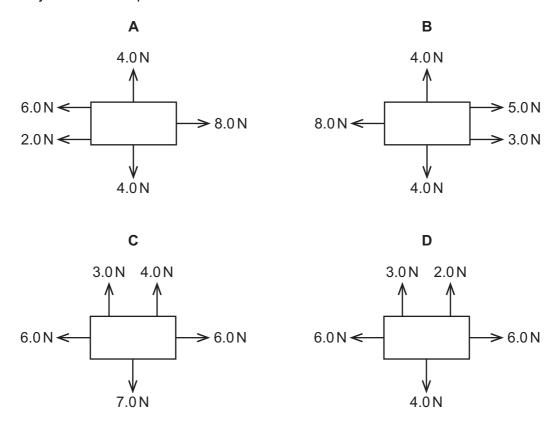
- **A** 30 m
- **B** 40 m
- **C** 50 m
- **D** 80 m
- **29** The weight of an object of mass m is given by the expression mg.

Which row gives the units for weight and *g*?

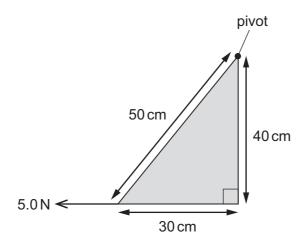
	weight	g
Α	kg	kg/N
В	kg	N/kg
С	N	kg/N
D	N	N/kg

30 The diagrams show all the forces acting on each of four objects.

Which object is **not** in equilibrium?



31 The diagram shows a triangular sheet of metal with sides of length 50 cm, 40 cm and 30 cm. The sheet is free to move about a pivot at the top corner, as shown.

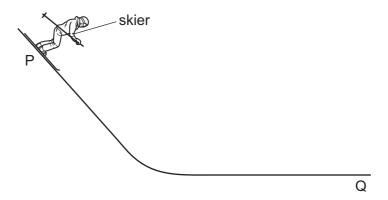


A cord is attached to the bottom left corner of the sheet and pulled with a horizontal force of 5.0 N to the left.

What is the moment of the 5.0 N force about the pivot?

- **A** 150 N cm
- **B** 200 N cm
- **C** 250 N cm
- **D** 600 N cm

32 A skier starts from rest at P, accelerates down a slope and then comes to rest at Q.



Which series of energy transfers takes place?

- A elastic potential (strain) energy \rightarrow kinetic energy \rightarrow thermal energy
- **B** gravitational potential energy \rightarrow kinetic energy \rightarrow thermal energy
- **C** kinetic energy → elastic potential (strain) energy → thermal energy
- **D** kinetic energy → gravitational potential energy → thermal energy
- 33 Which term describes a gas changing into a liquid?
 - A boiling
 - **B** condensation
 - **C** evaporation
 - D melting
- 34 A man stands 420 m away from a high wall. He bangs a drum once and starts a stop-watch at the same time. When he hears an echo from the wall, the stop-watch reads 2.4 s.

What is the speed of sound, calculated from this information?

- **A** 87.5 m/s
- **B** 175 m/s
- C 330 m/s
- **D** 350 m/s
- **35** A student stands in front of a plane mirror on a wall.

Which statement about the image of the student is **not** correct?

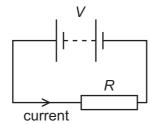
- **A** The image is laterally inverted (left to right).
- **B** The image is smaller than the student.
- C The image is upright.
- **D** The student and the image are equal distances from the mirror.

36 Two insulators are charged by rubbing them with a cloth.

After this, the charged insulators repel each other.

Which statement is a possible description of how the insulators become charged?

- A One gained electrons and the other gained protons.
- **B** One gained electrons and the other lost electrons.
- **C** They both lost electrons.
- **D** They both lost protons.
- **37** A battery of e.m.f. *V* is connected across a resistor of resistance *R*. There is a current in the resistor.



Which row shows two changes that **both** increase the current in the resistor?

	change 1	change 2
A	decrease V	decrease R
В	decrease V	increase <i>R</i>
С	increase V	decrease <i>R</i>
D	increase V	increase R

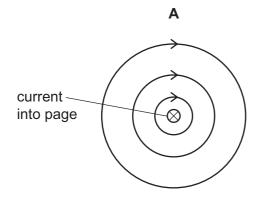
38 Fuses are used in domestic electric circuits.

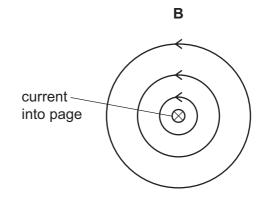
Which statement about fuses is correct?

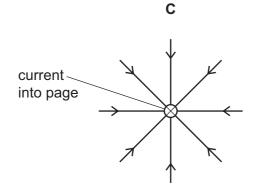
- **A** A fuse is connected in the live wire.
- **B** A fuse is connected in the neutral wire.
- **C** A 3.0 A fuse produces a current of exactly 3.0 A in the circuit.
- **D** A 3.0 A fuse produces a minimum current of 3.0 A in the circuit.

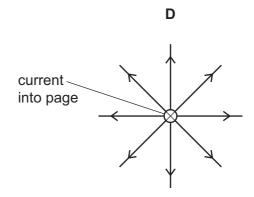
39 A straight wire carries a current into the page.

Which diagram shows the pattern and direction of the magnetic field around the wire due to the current?









40 A radioactive isotope has a half-life of 3.0 days. A sample contains 4000 atoms of this isotope.

How many atoms of the isotope remain after 6.0 days?

- **A** 0
- **B** 500
- **C** 1000
- **D** 2000

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The Periodic Table of Elements

	=	2	Не	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ā	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	98	R	radon	118	Og	oganesson -
	=>				6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	ă	bromine 80	53	Н	iodine 127	85	Ą	astatine	117	<u>~</u>	tennessine -
	5				8	0	oxygen 16	16	ഗ	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	<u>a</u>	tellurium 128	84	Ъ	moloum —	116	^	livermorium -
	>				2	Z	nitrogen 14	15	₾	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	Ξ	bismuth 209	115	Mc	moscovium -
	≥				9	O	carbon 12	14	S	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	20	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Εl	flerovium -
	≡				5	Ω	boron 11	13	Αl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	I	indium 115	84	lΤ	thallium 204	113	R	nihonium –
											30	Zu	zinc 65	48	ည	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	S	copernicium –
											29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	62	Au	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -
Group											28	Z	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	귙	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium –
9 9											27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	格	rhodium 103	77	Ir	iridium 192	109	¥	meitnerium -
		- ;	I	hydrogen 1							26				Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	Os	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium -
								1			25	M	manganese 55	43	ည	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	ВР	bohrium –
					_	loq	lass				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -
				Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	g	niobium 93	73	<u>a</u>	tantalum 181	105	В	dubnium -
						atc	rel				22	i	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	士	hafnium 178	104	¥	rutherfordium -
											21	Sc	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89–103	actinoids	
	=				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ഗ്	strontium 88	26	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium -
	_				3	:=	lithium 7	#	Na	sodium 23	19	×	potassium 39	37	R _b	rubidium 85	55	S	caesium 133	87	ቷ	francium -

7.1	Γn	lutetium	1/3	103	۲	lawrencium	I
	Υp						I
69	T	thulium	601	101	Md	mendelevium	ı
89	Д	erbium	/01	100	Fm	ferminm	I
29	웃	holmium	COL	66	Es	einsteinium	ı
99	۵	dysprosium	103	86	ర	califomium	1
65	Tp	terbium	159	26	益	berkelium	_
64	Gd	gadolinium	/61	96	Cm	curium	I
63	Ш	europium	761	98	Am	americium	1
62	Sm	samarium	150	94	Pn	plutonium	_
61	Pm	promethium	ı	93	S N	neptunium	_
09	PZ				\supset	uranium	238
59	Ā	praseodymium	141	91	Ра	protactinium	231
28	Ce				۲	thorium	232
22	Га	lanthanum	139	88	Ac	actinium	I

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).